PART - A (PHYSICS)

Total Question (40)

1. Which of the following produces virtual image:

(1) Simple microscope (2) Ordinary camera (

(3) Projector

(4) Cinemascope

Ans. (1

Sol. In simple microscope object is kept in between optical center and focus of the lens so it forms erect, enlarged and virtual image

2. What is the distance of centre of mass of a half ring from centre if the ring has radius = 0.5 m. [XI]

(1) $\frac{1}{\pi}$

(2) $\frac{1}{3\pi}$

(3) $\frac{2}{3\pi}$

(4) $\frac{1}{2\pi}$

Ans. (1)

Sol. Distance of center of mass of half ring from center

$$y=\frac{2R}{\pi}=\frac{2\times0.5}{\pi}=\frac{1}{\pi}$$

3. A cart of mass 150 kg is pulled horizontally on a frictionless surface with force 10 N. If 100 g/s sand is being dropped in the cart vertically then find the speed of the system when cart has 100 kg sand in it.

(1) 10 m/s

(2) 20 m/s

(3) 40 m/s

(4) 50 m/s

Ans. (3)

Sol. $F - \mu V = m \frac{dV}{dt}$

here $m = m_0 + \mu t$

$$\int\limits_{0}^{t} \frac{dt}{m_0 + \mu t} = \int\limits_{0}^{v} \frac{dv}{F - \mu v}$$

$$\ell n \left| 1 + \frac{\mu t}{m_0} \right| = -\ell n \left| 1 - \frac{\mu v}{F} \right|$$

$$v = \frac{Ft}{m_0 + \mu t}$$

Now, F = 10 N, $M_0 = 150 \text{ kg}$, $\mu = 100 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/s} = 0.1 \text{ kg/s}$, t = 1000 s

$$v = \frac{10 \times 1000}{150 + 100}$$

v = 40 m/s

4. A needle of length ℓ m and mass m kg is placed horizontally on water surface having surface tension T. Find T in terms of m, ℓ . (g acceleration due to gravity)

(1) $T = \frac{mg}{2\ell}$

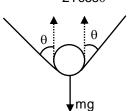
(2) $T = \frac{mg}{\ell}$

(3) $T = \frac{3mg}{2\ell}$

(4) $T = \frac{m}{2\ell}$

Ans. (1)

2Tcosθ



Sol.

 $2T\cos\theta = mg$

$$T = \frac{mg}{2\cos\theta}$$

 θ is very small

$$T = \frac{mg}{2\ell}$$

5. An infinite wire having charge density $\lambda = 10$ nC/m is moving along its axis with speed 100 m/s. Find magnetic field at a distance 4 cm perpendicular to wire.

Sol.
$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d}$$

$$\begin{split} B &= \frac{\mu_0.dQ}{2\pi d.dt} = \frac{\mu_0\lambda dx}{2\pi d.dt} = \frac{\mu_0\lambda v}{2\pi d.} \\ &= \frac{4\pi\times 10^{-7}\times 10\times 10^{-9}\times 100}{2\pi\times 4\times 10^{-2}} = 5\times 10^{-12}\,T \end{split}$$

6. In a series RC circuit having battery of 12 V, capacitor is charged from 0 to 6 V in 0.1 s. Find value of resistance R.

Sol.
$$V = V_0 [1 - e^{-t/\tau}]$$

$$6 = 12 \left[1 - e^{-0.1/\tau} \right]$$

$$e^{0.1/\tau} = 2$$

$$\frac{0.1}{\tau} = \ell n(2)$$

$$R_C = \frac{0.1}{\ell n(2)}$$

$$R = \frac{0.1}{C\ell n(2)}$$

7. A unpolarised light is passed through 3 polarisers. If the second polariser is at an angle 30° with the first and the third polariser is at an angle 60° with the second. Find the final intensity of the light passed through this combination if initial intensity was I.

Sol. After passing through first polarizer
$$I = \frac{I_0}{2}$$

After second polarizer
$$I = \frac{I_0}{2} \cos^2(30^\circ) = \frac{3}{8}I_0$$

After third polarizer
$$I = \frac{3I_0}{8}\cos^2(60^\circ) = \frac{3I_0}{32}$$

So final intensity =
$$\frac{3I_0}{32}$$

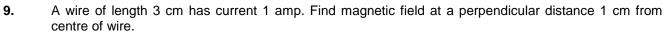
8. If intensity in YDSE is 50% of maximum at a point. Calculate the path difference.

Sol.
$$I = I_0 \cos^2\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right)$$

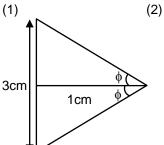
$$\frac{I_0}{2} = I_0 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right), \phi = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$$
. $\Delta x = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\Delta x = \frac{\lambda}{4}$$



(3)



Sol.

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi d} \ [sin\varphi_1 + sin\varphi_2]; \, \varphi_1 = \varphi_2 = \varphi$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d}. sin \phi$$

$$B = \frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7}}{2\pi \times 10^{-2}} \frac{1.5}{\sqrt{3.25}}$$

$$B = 1.67 \times 10^{-5} T$$

10. What is the maximum wavelength for Balmer series in H atom.

Sol. For maximum wave length of Balmer series

$$n_2 = 3; n_1 = 2$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = R.(1)^2 \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{9} \right]$$

On solving $\lambda = 6566.4 \text{ A}^{\circ}$

11. What is the velocity of electron in second orbital of He⁺ ion.

Sol.
$$V = \frac{2\pi^2 Kme^2}{h} \cdot \frac{z}{n}$$

$$V = 2.18 \times 10^6 \times \frac{z}{n}$$

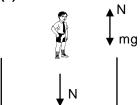
$$V = 2.18 \times 10^6 \times \frac{2}{2} = 2.18 \times 10^6 \text{m/sec}$$

12. A man (mass = 50 kg) is in an elevator with is moving with acceleration 0.49 m/s^2 upwards. Find normal reaction exerted by man on floor of the elevator.

(1) 214.5 N

(4)

Ans. (4)



Sol.

$$N - mg = ma$$

$$N - (50 \times 9.8) = (50 \times 0.49)$$

$$N = 514.5$$
 Newton

13. If the block moves up with constant velocity v m/s. Find F.



(1)
$$F = \frac{mg}{2}$$

(2)
$$F = \frac{2mg}{3}$$
 (3) $F = \frac{mg}{3}$

(3)
$$F = \frac{mg}{3}$$

(4)
$$F = \frac{m}{3}$$

Ans.

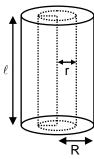


Sol.

$$F = \frac{mg}{3}$$

A solid non-conducting cylinder of radius R is charge such that volume charge density is proportional to 14. r where r is distance from axis. The electric field E at a distance r (r < R) will depend on r as.

Sol.



$$E.2\pi r\ell = \frac{\int \alpha r.2\pi r\ell.dr}{\varepsilon_0}$$

$$\mathsf{E}\,\alpha\,\mathsf{r}^2$$

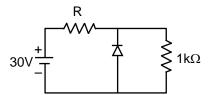
15. If an inductor of inductance L, radius r, current changes from I₁ to I₂. Find work done.

 $W = \Delta u$ Sol.

$$W = \frac{1}{2}LI_2^2 - \frac{1}{2}LI_1^2$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}L(I_2^2 - I_1^2)$$

16. If current in diode is five times that in R₁. Breakdown voltage of diode is 6 volt.

Find R = ?

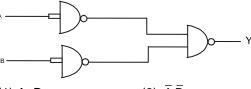


So total current drawn from battery = 6 mA + 30 mA = 36 mA

Potential difference Across R = 24 volt

So V = IR
$$24 = 36 \times 10^{-3} \text{ R}$$
; R = 2000/3 Ω

17. What is the out put of the given logic gate



(2)
$$\bar{A}.\bar{B}$$

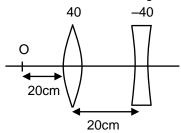
(3)
$$\bar{A} + \bar{B}$$

$$(4) A + B$$

Ans. (4)

Sol. it is OR gate

18. Find the distance of image from convex lens.



- (1) 24 cm
- (2) 20 cm
- (3) 4 cm

(4) None of these

Ans. (3)

Sol. for convex lens

$$\frac{1}{v} - \left(\frac{1}{-20}\right) = \frac{1}{40}$$

$$V = -40 \text{ cm}$$

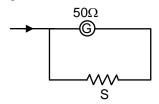
For concave lens u = -60 cm

$$\frac{1}{v} - \left(\frac{1}{-60}\right) = \frac{1}{-40}$$

v = -24 cm from concave lens

So from convex lens image is at 24 - (20) = 4 cm

19. Range of the ammeter is 5 ampere and full scale deflection current is 0.5 μ A. If resistance of galvanometer is 50Ω then find shunt resistance.



$$\text{Sol.} \qquad S = \frac{I_g.G}{I-I_g}$$

$$S = \frac{5 \times 10^{-7} \times 50}{5 - (5 \times 10^{-7})} = 5 \times 10^{-6} \Omega$$

Sol.
$$\varepsilon_r = 1 + x$$

$$X = 4.5$$

$$P = 4.5 \times 100$$

$$P = 450$$

21. An infinite large sheet has charge density σ C/m² Find electric field at a distance d perpendicular to the

(1)
$$E = \frac{\sigma}{2\varepsilon_0}$$

(2)
$$E = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$$

(1)
$$E = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0}$$
 (2) $E = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$ (3) $E = \frac{2\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$ (4) None of these

Ans.

Sol.
$$E = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0}$$
 it does not depend on d.

22. A satellite which is revolving around earth has minimum distance from earth equal to r₁ and maximum distance equal to r₂ then time period of the satellite will be?

Sol.
$$2a = r_1 + r_2$$

$$a = \frac{r_1 + r_2}{2}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi(a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{Gm}}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi \bigg(\frac{r_1+r_2}{2}\bigg)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{Gm}}$$

23. A particle performing SHM with angular frequency $\omega = 5000$ radian/second and amplitude A = 2 cm and mass of 1 kg. Find the total energy of oscillation.

Ans. (2)

Sol.
$$E = \frac{1}{2}m\omega^{2}A^{2}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 25 \times 10^{6} \times 4 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$= 50 \times 10^2 = 5 \text{ kJ}$$

24. A diatomic gas which has initial volume of 10 liter is isothermally compressed to 1/15th of its original volume where initial pressure is 10⁵ Pascal. If temperature is 27°C then find the work done by gas.

$$(1) - 2.70 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$$

(2)
$$2.70 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$$

$$(3) - 1.35 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$$

$$(4) 1.35 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$$

(1) Ans.

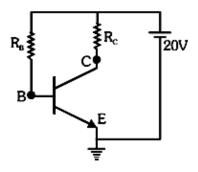
Sol.
$$w = nRT \ \ell n \left(\frac{v_2}{v_1} \right)$$

$$w = P_0 V_0 \ \ell n \left(\frac{v_2}{v_1} \right)$$

$$w = 10^5 \times 10 \times 10^{-3} \ \ell n \left(\frac{1}{15}\right)$$

$$W = -2.70 \times 10^3 J$$

25. For given CE biasing circuit, if voltage across collector-emitter is 12V and current gain is 100 and base current is 0.04 mA then determine the value collector resistance R_c.



Sol. $V_{CE} = 12 \text{ volt}$

$$\beta = \frac{i_c}{i_b} = 100$$

 $i_c = 100 \times 0.04 \times 10^{-3}$

 $V_{CC} = V_{CE} + I_{C}R_{C}$

 $20 = 12 + 4 \times 10^{-3} \times R_{\rm C}$

 $R = 2 k\Omega$

- 26. In a common emitter (CE) amplifier having a voltage gain G, the transistor used has transconductance 0.03 mho and current gain 25. If the above transistor is replaced with another one with transconductance 0.02 mho and current gain 20, the voltage gain will be:
- **Sol.** $A_{V} = \beta \frac{R_{out}}{R_{in}} \Rightarrow G = 25 \frac{R_{out}}{R_{1}}$ (i)

$$G_m = \frac{\beta}{R_1} \Rightarrow R_1 = \frac{\beta}{G_m} = \frac{25}{0.03}$$

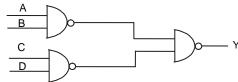
 $G = 25 \frac{R_{out}}{25} \times 0.03$ (i)

G' = $20 \frac{R_{out}}{20} \times 0.02$ (ii)

 $G' = \frac{2}{3}G$

- 27. How many minimum NAND GATES are required for obtaining an output of A.B + C.D?
- Ans 3

Sol.



- 28. In a solenoid number of turns are N and a current I is passing through it. If diameter of the solenoid is D. Find out the energy per unit length in the solenoid.
- **Sol.** Energy density $E = \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0}$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 NI}{\ell}$$

Energy per meter = Energy density × Area

29. Assertion: Linear momentum of a planet does not remain conserved.

Reason: Gravitational force acts on it.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

30. Assertion: In throttling, temperature remains constant.

Reason: Throttling is isothermal.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)

31. Assertion: Energy of an isolated particles system is constant.

Reason: Isolated system do not allow exchange of energy

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4

32. Assertion: A satellite is orbiting around a planet then its angular momentum is conserved.

Reason: Linear momentum conservation leads to angular momentum conservation.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (3)

33. Assertion: $\vec{E} = E_x \hat{i} + E_y \hat{j} + E_z \hat{k}$, $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = 0$

Reason: E_x , E_y , E_z is independent.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

34. Assertion: Electric field inside a conductor is 0.

Reason: Charge is present on surface of conductor.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

35. Assertion: A string wave traveling towards a free end changes its direction of motion but phase remains constant after reflection.

Reason: When string wave reaches the free end there is no medium present in front of it.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

36. Assertion: Magnetic field do not work on moving charge

Reason: Magnetic field do not provide acceleration to charge.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (3)

37. Assertion : Heart can be assumed as electric dipole.

Reason: Its ELOF are just same like a normal dipole.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

- **38.** Assertion: When we jump from height then maximum possibilities to get hurt is at foot. Reason: Maximum force is exerted on foot.
 - (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
 - (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

39. Assertion: Sky is maximum red in morning

Reason: Smallest wavelength scatter maximum

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

40. Assertion : Bernoulli's theorem is applicable only on laminar flow.

Reason: Laminar flow is consider to be non viscous.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)

PART - A (CHEMISTRY)

41.
$$GI$$

$$CH_3 \xrightarrow{Br_2 \\ FeBr_3} Major product$$

$$(1) \begin{array}{c} CI \\ CI \\ CH_2 \end{array} \qquad (2) \begin{array}{c} CI \\ CH_3 \end{array}$$

(3)
$$CI$$
 CI CI CH_2 -Br

Ans. (2)

Ans. (1)

43.
$$\begin{array}{c} (i)B_{2}H_{6} \\ \hline (ii)DIBAL-H \\ (iii)H_{3}O^{\oplus} \end{array}$$
 (1)
$$\begin{array}{c} (COOH) \\ (COOH) \\ (CHO) \\ ($$

Ans. (2)

Ans.

(1)

OH

Sol. OH 0H $0 \rightarrow 5$ $0 \rightarrow 5$

45. Reactivity order for SN1

Ans. (2)

Sol. Rate of SN1 α stability of carbocation α +I, +M, HC effect

(i)
$$CH_3$$
— CH_2 — CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3 — $\overset{\oplus}{C}H$ — CH_2 — CH_3

(ii)
$$PH-CH_2-CH-CH_3 \longrightarrow PH-CH_2-\overset{\oplus}{CH}-CH_2$$

 CI

(ii) PH-CH₂-CH-CH₃
$$\longrightarrow$$
 PH-CH₂-CH-CH₃
CI
(iii) CH₃-C-CH₃ \longrightarrow CH₃-C-CH₃
OCH₃
OCH₃

(iv)
$$CH_3$$
– CH_2 – CH_2 – CI \longrightarrow CH_3 – CH_2 – CH_2 +

46. Which is incorrect

- (1) Novestrol Antifertility
- (2) Serotonine Tranquilizer
- (3) Narrow spectrum Chloromphenicol
- (4) Rentac- antacid

Ans. (2)

47. Ideal gas mole expand isothermally reversibly 2 lt. to 4lt and same gas 3 mole expand from 2 lt. to x lt and doing same work, what is 'x'

$$(1) (8)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$(2) (4)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Ans.

w= nRT In $\frac{V_2}{V_1}$ Sol.

RT In
$$\frac{4}{2}$$
 = 3RT In $\frac{x}{2}$

$$\ln 2 = \ln \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3$$

$$x^3 = 16$$

$$x = (16)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 4^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

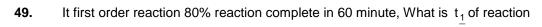
48. Which gas use in cooling tube in MRI tube?

$$(3)$$
 CO₂

$$(4) N_2$$

Ans. (2)

He gas use as colling agent in super conducting magnet. Sol.



(1) 30 min

(2) 42 min

(3) 25.72 min

(4) 14.28 min

(2)Ans.

Sol.

$$\frac{60}{t^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{\log \frac{100}{20}}{\log 2}$$

50. A gas metal in bivalent state have approximately 23e- what is spin magnetic moment in elemental state

(1) 2.87

(2) 5.5

(3) 5.9

(4) 4.9

(3) Ans.

 M^{+2} Sol.

M

23 e-25 e-

(It should be M_n)

 $3d^54s^2$

$$\mu = \sqrt{5(5+2)} = \sqrt{35} = 59$$

Ph-CH₂-CH₂-C \equiv C-CH₃ $\frac{\text{Na/NH}_3}{\text{CLJ}}$ 51.

$$(1)$$
 Ph–CH(CI)–CH₂ $C=C$ (1) $C=C$

(3) Ph-CH₂-CH(CI)-CH=CH-CH₃

(4) None of these

Asn.

 $Ph-CH₂-CH₂-C = C-CH₃ \xrightarrow{Na/NH₃} Ph-CH(CI)-CH₂ >$ Sol.

Na/NH₃(I) this is Birch reduction reduce only alkyne into trans alkene and Cl₂/h_V is free radical substitution reaction

52. → product

$$(1) \bigcirc \begin{matrix} O \\ C \\ C \\ C \\ C \\ C \\ C \end{matrix} = Br$$

Ans. (1)

α-Halogenation of carbonyl compound by Br₂ in presence of alkali medium

53. $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{II} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$ No. of stereoisomerism.

(1) 2

(2)4

(3) 8

(4)6

Ans. (1)

Total number of stereo isomer = 2

54. Order nucleophilicity

- (i) OH-
- (ii) HS-
- (iii) Ph-O-
- (iv) C₂H₅-O-

(4) None

- (1) i > ii > iii > iv
- (2) ii > iv > i > iii (3) ii > iii > i > iv
- (4) iii > iv > i > ii

Asn. (2)

Sol. Order of nucleophilicity

$$OH^-,HS^-,Ph-O^-,C_2H_5O^- = HS^- > C_2H_5O^- > OH^- > Ph-O^-$$

On increasing delocalization of e-nucleophilicity decrease

55. Structure of Guanine is

Asn. (1)

56. Cr⁺³ in aquous medium form green coloured complex with NH₃ ligand. How many ligand associated (1) 3 (2) 4 (3) 5 (4) 6

Ans. (4)

Sol.
$$[Cr(H_2O)_e]^{+3} + 6NH_3 s \longrightarrow [Cr(NH_3)_6]^{+3} = + 6H_2O$$

Cr+3 show six C.N. with NH3

57. Which molecule pair do not have identical structure

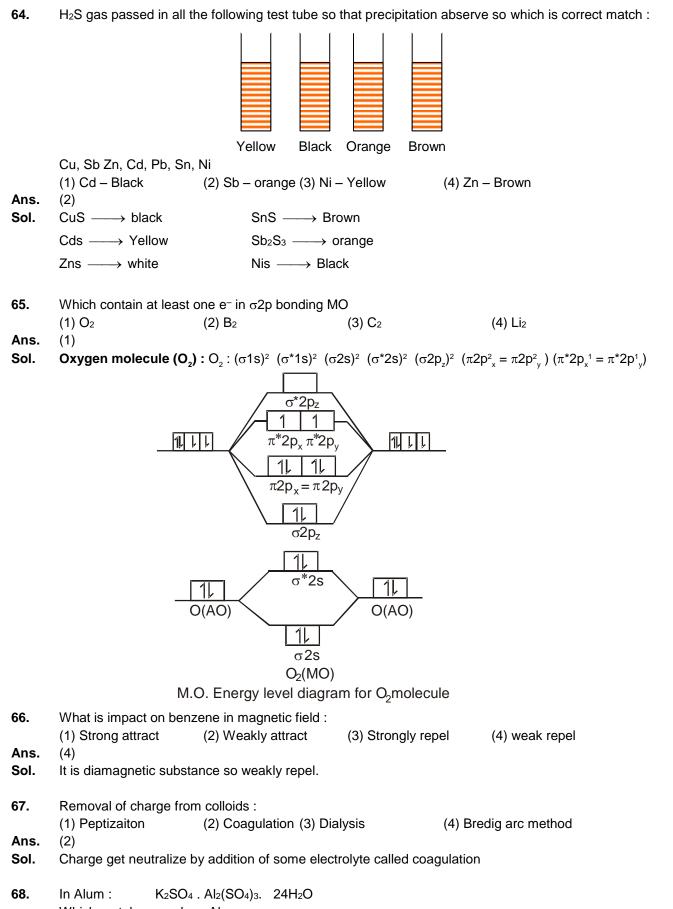
- (1) I_3^- , BeF₂
- (2) HCIO, SO₂
- (3) BF₃, ICl₃
- (4) BrF_4^- , XeF_4

Asn. (3)

Sol. $BF_3 \longrightarrow trigonal planer$

 $ICl_3 \longrightarrow T$ shape

58. Ans. Sol.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2) Cu ₂ S is converted in 4) Reduction of Fe	to Cu₂O
59.	Which of following factor always increases for spon	ntaneous process	
	(1) ΔS (2) ΔH (3	3) ΔΗ–ΤΔS	(4) $\Delta S - \frac{\Delta H}{T}$
Ans.	(4)		·
Sol.	$-\frac{\Delta G}{T} = \Delta S_{\text{total}} = \Delta S - \frac{\Delta H}{T}$		
	= entropy of universe increases		
60.	In acidic medium which of the following does not ch	=	(A) F ₂ O ² -
Ans. Sol.	 (1) MnO₄⁻ (2) MnO₄²⁻ (3) (1) MnO₄⁻ stable in acidic medium MnO₄²⁻ disproportionate CrO₄²⁻ Convert into Cr₂O₇²⁻ and FeO₄²⁻ decompose 	8) CrO ₄ ²⁻	(4) FeO ₄ ²⁻
61.	1 gm of polymer having molar mass 1,60,000 gm dissolve in 800 ml water, so calculate osmotic pressure in pascal at 27°C (R = 8.314 J/K mole) (1) 0.78 (2) 0.90 (3) 0.50 (4) 1.20		
Asn. Sol.	(1) $\pi = \text{CRT}$ $\pi = \frac{1}{1.6 \times 10^5} \times \frac{8.314 \times 300}{800 \times 10^{-6}} = 0.78$	(1) 1.20	
	1.0×10 600×10		
62. Ans.	AgNO ₃ does not decompose where : (1) U.V. radiation (2) Skin (human) (3 (3)	3) Water 25°C	(4) Glucose
Sol.	AgNO ₃ —→ Ag not decompose by H ₂ O at room reducing agent like glucose	temp. but reduce to	silver in presence of light and
63.		ries of Hydrogen spect 3) 486 nm	rum (R = 1.09 x 10 ⁷ m ⁻¹) : (4) 434 nm
Ans.	(2) $\frac{1}{\lambda} = 1.09 \times 10^7 \times 1^2 \left(\frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{3^2} \right)$ (tr	ransition $3 \rightarrow 2$)	



Which metal can replace Al

Ans.

(1) Cr (2) Mn (3) In (4) Sc (1)

Sol.	K ₂ SO ₄ .	Cr ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	24H ₂ O	chrome	alum	can	form.

69. Rate of two reaction whose rate constants are k₁ & k₂ are equal at 300 k such that :

So calculate
$$\ell n \frac{A_2}{A_1} = ?$$
 Ea₂ – Ea₁ = 2RT,

(2) 2

Ans. (2)

Sol. In presence of catalyst :

(1) ℓn4

$$\log \frac{k_2}{k_1} = \log \frac{A_2}{A_1} + \frac{Ea_2 - Ea_1}{2.3 \text{ RT}}$$

Log 1 = log
$$\frac{A_2}{A_1} - \frac{2RT}{2.3RT} \ln \frac{A_2}{A_1} = 2$$

70. Which of the following exhibit minimum number of oxidation states :

(1) Mn

(2) Np

(3) Th

(3) log 2

(4) Cr

(4) 2-ℓn2

Ans. (3)

Sol. Thorium can show normally +3 oxidation state where as Mn, Cr can show large no of O.S. Np also belong to 5f series with variable O.S.

71. 0.1 mole, per litre solution present in conductivity cell where electrode of 100 cm² area placed at 1 cm and resistance observe is 5 x 10³ Ohm, what is molar conductivity of solution?

(1) 5 x10² S cm² mole⁻¹

(2) 10⁴ S cm² mole⁻¹

(3) 200 S cm² mole⁻¹

(4) 0.02 S cm² mole⁻¹

Ans. (4)

Sol. Molar conductivity $\Lambda_{\rm m} = \frac{\kappa \times 1000}{M}$

M = Molarity

$$\frac{2 \times 10^{-6} \times 1000}{0.1}$$

$$=\frac{2}{100}$$
 cm² mole⁻¹

$$\kappa$$
 = specific conductivity

$$\kappa = \frac{1}{R} x \text{ cell constant}$$

$$= \frac{1}{R} \times \frac{\ell}{A}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5 \times 10^{3} \Omega} \times \frac{1 \text{ cm}}{100 \text{ cm}^{2}}$$

=
$$2 \times 10^{-6} \Omega^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$$

72. Mixture of two metals having mass 2 gm (A = 15, B = 30) and are bivalent and dissolve in HCl and evolve $2.24 L H_2$ at STP. what is mass of A present in mixture?

- (1) 1 gm
- (2) 1.5 gm
- (3) 0.5 gm
- (4) 0.75 gm

Ans. (1)

Sol. A + 2HCl \longrightarrow ACl₂ + H₂

$$mole = \frac{x}{15}$$

$$B + 2 HCI \longrightarrow BCI_2 + H_2$$

$$mole = \frac{2-x}{30}$$

$$\frac{2-x}{30}$$

Mole of
$$H_2 = \frac{x}{15} + \frac{2-x}{30} = \frac{2.24}{22.4} = \frac{1}{10}$$

 $x \quad x \quad 1 \quad 1$

$$\frac{x}{15} - \frac{x}{30} = \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{15}$$

$$x = 1 gm$$

73.
$$A + 2 B \rightleftharpoons 2C$$
 $K = ?$

2 mole each A and B present in 10 lt so that C form is 1 mole, Calculate K_{C}

Asn. (2)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
A + & 2B \rightleftharpoons 2C \\
2 & 2 & 0
\end{array}$$

C form 1 mole at equilibrium

$$2x = 1$$

 $x = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$

$$\frac{1.5}{10}$$
 $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{1}$

$$K_C = \frac{\left[C\right]^2}{\left[A\right]\left[B\right]^2}$$

$$=\frac{\left[\frac{1}{10}\right]^2}{\left[\frac{15}{10}\right]\left[\frac{1}{10}\right]^2}$$

In vanderwaal equation at const temperature 300 K, a = 1.4 atm lt^2 mole⁻², v = 100 ml, n = 1 mole, 74. what is pressure of gas:

Ans.

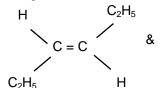
Sol.
$$\left(P + \frac{an^2}{V^2}\right) (V) = nRT$$

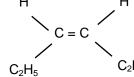
$$\left(P + \frac{1.4}{\left(0.1\right)^2}\right) (0.1) = 1 \times 0.082 \times 3600$$

$$(P + 140) \times 0.1 = 4.6$$

$$0.1 P = 10.6$$

75. For geometric isomers of 3-hexene:

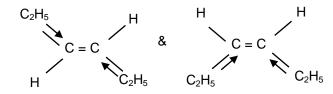




(1) M.P. is high and dipole moment high for trans

- (2) M.P. is low and dipole moment low for trans
- (3) M.P. is high and dipole moment low for trans
- (4) M.P. is low and dipole moment high for trans

Ans.



Trans
$$-3$$
 – Hexene $\mu = 0$

C is
$$-3$$
 – Hexene $\mu > 0$

Sol.

M. P. of Trans isomer High than ci's Isomer.

76. Assertion: N,N–Diethylethanamine is more basic then N,N-Dimethylmethanamine

Reason: +I effect of ethyl is more then methyl

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.
- **Asn.** (1

Sol.
$$K_b = CH_3 - CH_2 - N$$

N, N, Diethylethylomine

- +I effect of C_2H_5 group more than CH_3 group.
- **77. Assertion**: Bakelite is formed when novolac heat with formaldehyde which is thermosetting polymer **Reason**: Bakelite is infusible solid mass
 - (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
 - (4) If both assertion and reason are false.
- **Asn.** (1)
- **78. Assertion :** 2,4-Dimethyl hex-2-ene has 4 stereoisomer

Reason: It show geometrical isomerism

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.
- **Ans**. (4)
- **79. Assertion**: Ortho nitro phenol is more acidic than meta nitro phenol

Reason: Ortho nitro phenol has more -I effect than meta nitro phenol

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.
- **Ans.** (2)
- **Sol.** Ortho nitrophenol is more acidic than meta nitro phenol because at ortho position NO₂ group show –m effect but at meta, —NO₂ gp show only –l ether.

80. Assertion : Reverse current flows in charging of lead storage battery:

Reason: During charging PbSO₄convert into Pb and PbO₂

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

81. Assertion: $[Cr(H_2O)_6]^{+2} \longrightarrow [Cr(H_2O)_6]^{+3}$ while converting, colour continuously changes.

Reason: CFSE is increases during change.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (2)

Sol. Oxidation state of Cr in $[Cr(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ is +2

Electronic configuration of Cr = (Ar)₁₈ 4S¹ 3d⁵

Electronic configuration of Cr²⁺ = (Ar)₁₆ 3d⁴

H₂O is W & F ligand

CFSE value = $[-0.4 \text{ n}_{2g} + 0.6 \text{ n}_{eg}] \Delta_0 + \text{nP}$

=
$$[-0.4 \times 3 + 0.6 \times 1] \Delta_0 + 0$$

= $-0.6 \Delta_0$

Oxidation state of Cr in [Cr(H₂O)₆]³⁺ is +3

Electronic configuration of $Cr^{3+} = (Ar)_{18} 3d^3$

CFSE value of
$$(Cr(H_2O)_6]^{3+} = [-0.4 \text{ }^{n+}2g + 0.6 \text{ } n_{eg}] \Delta_0 + nP$$

= $[-0.4 \text{ x } 3 + 0] \Delta_0 + 0$

$$= -1.2 \Delta_0$$

CFSE does not effect colour rather Δ_0 value can change colour.

82. Assertion: When ideal gas expand from P_1,V_1,T_1 to P_2,V_2,T_2 in two steps, and work done is high in which number of steps are high

Reason: Work is path function

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (2)

83. Assertion : On passing electric current in colloidal solution they do not move towards anode or cathode.

Reason: They do not contain any charge

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (4)

Sol. If no. of step increases, process Shift towards reversible process so work's increases

84. Assertion: Pb₃O₄ react with HNO₃ and form PbO₂

Reason:Lead is stable in +4 oxidation state.

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (3)

Sol. $Pb_3O_4 + HNO_3 \longrightarrow PbO_2$ (solid) $+ Pb(NO_3)_2 + H_2O$ but Pb^{+2} is more stable.

85. Assertion: N, N-Diethyl ethanamine is more basic the N, N-Dimethyl methanamine.

Reason: +I effect of ethyl group is more then methyl

- (1) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (2) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (3) If assertion is true but reason is false.
- (4) If both assertion and reason are false.

Ans. (1)

PART - C (BIOLOGY)

86. Select the option with correct matching -

A.	(i)	Mandible
B.	(ii)	Labrum
C.	(iii)	Labium
D.	(iv)	Hypopharynx
E.	(v)	Maxilla

Option:

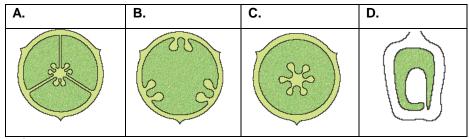
(1) A - (i), B - (ii), C- (iii), D - (iv), E- (v) (2) A - (ii), B - (iii), C- (i), D - (iv), E- (v)

(3) A - (v), B - (iii), C- (i), D - (ii), E- (iv)

(4) A - (v), B - (iii), C- (i), D - (iv), E- (ii)

Ans. (3)

87. Select the correct matching



Option:

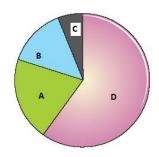
(1) A - Tomato, B - Argemone, C- Dianthus, D - Sunflower

(2) A - Dianthus, B - Argemone, C- Tomato, D - Sunflower

(3) A - Tomato, B - Sunflower, C- Dianthus, D - Argemone

(4) A - Argemone, B - Tomato, C- Dianthus, D - Sunflower

Ans. (1) **88.** Which one of the following options correctly designate the per cent contribution of gases (A, B, C and D) responsible of global warming?



	Α	В	С	D
(1)	CH ₄ (20%)	CFCs (14%)	N ₂ O (6%)	CO ₂ (60%)
(2)	CFC _S (20%)	CO ₂ (14%)	N ₂ O (6%)	CH ₄ (60%)
(3)	N ₂ O (20%)	CH ₄ (14%)	CFC _S (6%)	CO ₂ (60%)
(4)	CH ₄ (20%)	N ₂ O (14%)	CFCs (6%)	CO ₂ (60%)

Ans. (1)

89. Match column-I to the column-II and select the option having correct matching –

Column-I		Column-II	
Α	Bacteriophage λ	i	5386 nucleotides
В	E. coli	ii	$3.3 \times 10^9 \text{ bp}$
С	Human genome	iii	4.6 × 10 ⁶ bp
D	ф x 174	iv	48502 bp

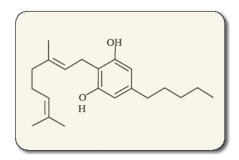
Ans. (1)

90. Which of the following option is correct?

(1)	Osteichthyes	4 pairs of gill slits covered by operculum
(2)	Chondrichthyes	6-15 pairs of gill slits
(3)	Arthropoda	Metamerism and excretion by nephridia
(4)	Platyhelminthes	Bilateral symmetry & coelomate e.g., Taenia
		and <i>Fasciola</i>

Ans. (1)

91. Identify the given diagram and its effect?



- (1) Cannabinoid Effects cardiovascular function
- (2) Morphine CNS depressant
- (3) Cocaine Euphoria
- (4) Smack Psychedelic effect

Ans. (1)

92. Choose the correct option–

- (1) Macropus hair on skin & pinna present
- (3) Pristis Gitar fish

- (2) Pleurobrachia Cnidoblast
- (4) Scoliodon Cat fish

Ans. (1)

93. Synthesis of lipids & carbohydrates is regulated by-

(1) SER

(2) RER

(3) Ribosomes

(4) Lysosomes

Ans. (1)

94. Choose the incorrect about mitochondria -

(1) Has 80S ribosome

- (2) Naked circular DNA
- (3) ETS on inner mitochondrial membrane
- (4) Power house of the cell

Ans. (1)

95. Where does glycosylation of protein occur?

(1) Endoplasmic reticulum

(2) Lysosomes

(3) Mitochondria

(4) Chloroplast

Ans. (1)

96. Hormone secreted by α -cells of Pancreas?

(1) Insulin

(2) Glucagon

(3) Somatocrinin

(4) Somatostatin

Ans. (2)

97.	 Which of the following hormones coordinate with each other to maintain ideal blood Ca level? (1) Thyrocalcitonin and glucagon (2) Parathyroid hormone and cortisol (3) Thyrocalcitonin and Thyroxin (4) Thyrocalcitonin and Parathyroid hormone 			
Ans.	(4)			
98.	Weakness of muscles (1) Vitamin D (3) Vitamin B complex	& bones in elderly occur	s due to deficiency of— (2) Vitamin C (4) Vitamin A	
Ans.	(1)			
99.	(1) GGG, GGC, GGA (3) AUG, AUA, AUC	correctly assigns the coo	dons for glycine ? (2) AAA, AAG, AAC (4) CCC, CCG, CGA	
Ans.	(1)			
100.	Small pox has been eradicated from world – (1) Due to active vaccination against small pox on large scale (2) Due to auto immunity developed by us (3) Due to discovery of vaccine long ago (4) injectable salk vaccine for small pox was easily available			
Ans.	(1)			
101.	Albuminous seeds are (1) Pea, Groundnut, C (3) Wheat, Barley, Cas	astor	(2) Castor, Sunflower, Barley(4) Pea, Groundnut, Sunflower	
Ans.	(3)			
102. Ans.	Where are Hot Spots of biodiversity in India? (1) Western ghats, Eastern ghats, Indo Burma (2) Indo Burma, Eastern ghats and Sri Lanka Himalayas (3) Western ghats & Sri Lanka, Indo Burma and Himalaya (4) Eastern ghats & Sri Lanka, Indo Burma (3)			
103.	Choose the correct ma	atch :		
. 30.	(1) Aves – (2) Reptiles – (3) Amphibia – (4) Osteichtyes –	Pneumatic bones 4 chambers heart Scales on body Perisistant notochord		
Ans.	(1)			

104.	Uric acid forms in body by :				
	(1) Phospholipid	(2) Glucose			
	(3) DNA	(4) RNA			
Ans.	(3)				
105.	CO ₂ combines with Hb to form :				
	(1) Carbaminohaemoglobin	(2) Carboxy haemoglobin			
	(3) Oxyhaemoglobin	(4) Methaemoglobin			
Ans.	(1)				
106.	Most important hormone in post ovula	tory phase :			
	(1) Progesterone	(2) estrogen			
	(3) HCG	(4) FSH			
Ans.	(1)				
107.	Which of the following is wrong about	ethylene.			
	(1) Inhibit growth of root				
	(2) Ripening of fruits				
	(3) Elongation of stem in paddy				
	(4) Promote senescence of leaves & f	lowers			
Ans.	(1)				
108.	Which of the following is correct				
	(1) Macropus- Ear pinna, body hairs,	4 chambered heart			
	(2) Pavo-Long bones ossified, fore limbs modified to wings				
	(3) Ichthyophis-covering on eyelids, Scales present				
	(4) Limulus-chitinous exoskeleton, 3 p	pair of legs			
Ans.	(1)				
109.	Which among the following belong to	same phyla?			
	(1) Physalia, obelia, Pleurobranchia –	Coelenterata			
	(2) Bombyx, Palaemon, Limulus – Artl	hropoda			
	(3) Star fish, jelly fish, Sea urchin – Ed	chinodermata			
	(4) Cuttle fish, devil fish, Patella - mol	lusca			
Ans.	(2)				
110.	Which of the following statement confi	irm the law of dominance			
	(1) 3:1 ratio in F ₂ generation				
	(2) It is the conclusion of a dihybrid cre	oss			
	(3) Alleles do not show any blending	and both characters recovered as such in F2 generation			
	(4) Alleles of a pair segregate from ea	ch other such that gamete receives only one of the two factors			
Ans.	(1)				

111. Characteristics of cancer is (1) All tumors are cancers (2) Cancers show metastasis (3) Cancerous cells show property of contact inhibition (4) All viruses are oncogenic Ans. (2) 112. To obtain seedless watermelon, which among the following method is followed: (1) Apomixis (2) Somatic hybridization (3) Organogenesis (4) Micropropagation Ans. (2) 113. Which among the following belong to Auxin? (2) GA₃, 2,4-D, IAA (1) IAA, IBA, CK (3) IAA, IBA, NAA (4) 2,4-D, IAA, ABA Ans. (3) 114. **Assertion**: Alleles can transmit from parents to progeny without variations. **Reason**: Alleles of different genes could be linked. (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans. (2) 115. **Assertion**: CO₂ diffuses only from tissue to alveoli and not in reverse direction. Reason: CO2 is 10 times more soluble than O2 (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans. (3) 116. Assertion: Trichoderma used as biocontrol agents. Reason: Bacculoviruses also used as biocontrol agent (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans. (2)

117. Assertion: Nucleopolyhedrovirus used as biocontrol agent Reason: It kills insects and pests (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A

(3) A is true but R is false

(4) A and R are false

Ans. (1)

118. **Assertion**: Agrobacterium tumefaciencs causes crown gall tumor in plants.

Reason: E.coli can't transfer DNA in plants.

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A

(3) A is true but R is false

(4) A and R are false

Ans. (2)

119. **Assertion :** Sequoia is longest tree among Gymnosperms.

Reason: All members of lycopsida are homosporous.

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A

(3) A is true but R is false

(4) A and R are false

Ans. (3)

120. **Assertion :** Pavlov has improtant contribution in study of digestion.

Reason: Pavlov discovered that salivation occurs when food is placed in front of us.

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A

(3) A is true but R is false

(4) A and R are false

Ans. (4)

121. **Assertion:** Dark reaction of photosynthesis uses ATP and NADPH₂

Reason: Dark reaction takes place in absence of light.

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A

(3) A is true but R is false

(4) A and R are false

Ans. (3) 122. Assertion: Fermentation occurs by incomplete oxidation of glucose.
Reason: Yeast form ethanol & CO₂ from pyruvic acid.
(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
(2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A

(3) A is true but R is false

(4) A and R are false

Ans. (2)

123. Assertion: Mitochondria are absent in RBC.

Reason: RBC form ATP by glycolysis.

- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A
- (3) A is true but R is false
- (4) A and R are false

Ans. (2)

124. Assertion: Most of the enzymes of oxidative decarboxylation are present in mitochondrial matrix.

Reason: ETS operates on inner membrane of mitochondria

- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A
- (3) A is true but R is false
- (4) A and R are false

Ans. (2)

125. Assertion: Kidney transplant from a non-matching donor gets rejected.

Reason: Cell mediated immunity mediated by B-lymphocytes reject it.

- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A
- (3) A is true but R is false
- (4) A and R are false

Ans. (3)

126. Assertion : Sonalika & Kalyan sona are high yielding varieties of wheat.

Reason: They are developed by IARI.

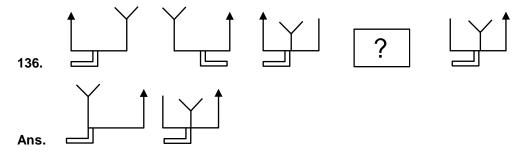
- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A
- (3) A is true but R is false
- (4) A and R are false

Ans. (2)

127. Assertion: Monocytes constitute only 6-8% of WBCs but are very essential Reason: These are phagocytic cells. (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans (1) 128. **Assertion :** Taenia solium & Fasciola belong to Platyhelminthes. **Reason:** Platyhelminthes are coelomates (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans (3) 129. Assertion: Phytoplankton, algae & higher plants are chief producers in pond ecosystem. **Reason:** Many algae are responsible for production of ethanol. (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans (2) 130. **Assertion:** Gonorrhoea is a dreaded disease. **Reason:** Cannot be completely cured even if diagnosed at early stage. (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans (4) 131. **Assertion:** During pregnancy, development of foetus occurs in stages. **Reason:** In second month of pregnancy, limbs, most of the organs and external genitalia are formed. (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans (3) 132. Assertion: Deficiency of vitamin D causes bone weakness Reason: Cholecalciferol is synthesised in skin by the action of sunlight (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (2) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A (3) A is true but R is false (4) A and R are false Ans (2)

PART - D (GK + MENTAL ABILITY)

- **133.** Who is the chief justice of India?
- Ans. Deepak Mishra
- **134.** What is the full form of IRCTC?
- **Ans.** Indian Railways Caters of & Tourism Corporation.
- **135.** What is the full form of SIM?
- **Ans.** Subscriber identity module.



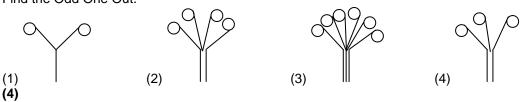
- 137. We have total 1700 Rs. A has got 5 times of C & 2 times of B, then how much money does A have?
- **Sol.** C = x x + 5x + 2.5x = 1700 A = 5x 8.5x = 1700
 - B = 2.5x $x = \frac{17000}{8.5} = 200$ A = 5 × 200 = 1000 C = 200 B = 500
- **138.** Where is the Headquarter of United Nations?
- Ans. New York
- **139.** What is the name of the yacht on which Six women naval officers completed their journey around the world?
- Ans. TARINI
- 140. Find the Odd One Out.



Ans. (3)

Ans.

141. Find the Odd One Out.



142. Put these cities in a proper sequencing

SrinagarBangaloreDelhi

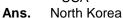
Ans. Srinagar, Delhi, Bhopal, Mumbai, Bangalore

143. What is the full form of PIN in postal system?

Ans. Postal Index Number

144. Establish the relation...







?

- Advertisers are charged more money for their ads by the Channels during IPL.
 More Viewers watch the TV during IPL
 Advertisers are ready to pay more money during IPL
 Only 1
 Only 2
 1 and 2 both
 Both are not correct
 Ans.
 - **146.** There are 5 friends in a group. One more friend joins them & the average weight of the group increases. If you have to find the weight of the 6th Friend then.
 - 1. 6th friend increases the average weight by 10% & the new average weight if 66 Kgs.
 - Average weight increases by 6 Kgs.
 - (1) Only 1 is required

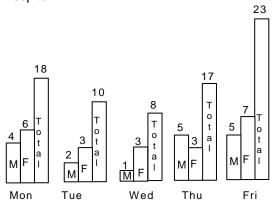
(2) only 2 is required

(3) 1 and 2 both required

(4) Can't be determined.

Ans. (1)

147. Male, Female, Transgender and children visit a hospital on a daily basis. Transgender number are constant on each day. See the graph below & find the day on which the maximum children visited the hospital?



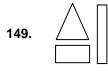
- Ans. Friday
- **148.** The Price of 2 Tables is equal to price of 5 chairs. If a person purchases 10 Chairs & 10 Tables in Rs. 7000/- then find out the price of 2 chairs & 4 tables.
- **Sol.** Given 2T = 5C

Given 10T+10C=7000

Since 2T=5C then 10C will be equal to 4T

Now 10T+4T=7000 14T = 7000 T=7000/14 T=500 Since 2T=5C Then 2×500 = 5C C=1000/5 C=200

Total Price of 2 Chairs (C) and 4 Tables (T) will be $2\times200 + 4\times500 = 2400$ /-.







(3)

(4)

Ans. (2)